



Business Advisory Services
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Practical Financial Management

GP CME South
– August 2010



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8 financial fundamentals

1. Setting and managing budgets
2. Assessing expenditure
3. Building assets
4. Know the business net worth





8 financial fundamentals continued . . .

5. Regular financial reporting
6. Managing cash flow
7. Investing profits
8. Managing non-financial aspects that impact on financial success





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Overview

1. Maximising income
2. Managing expenses
3. Business planning and budgeting

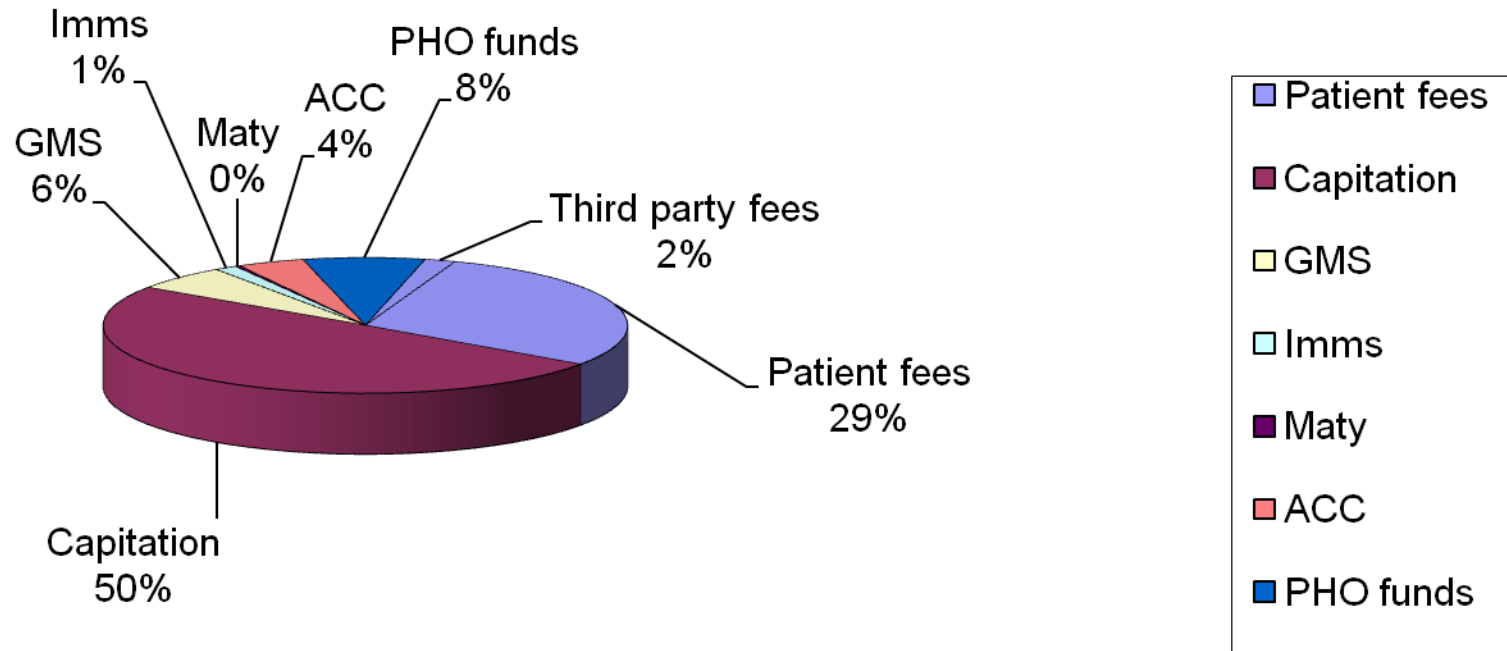


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GP revenue – where does it come from?

Where does the \$ come from?





Income streams

1. Patient co-payments
2. First contact care – capitation (+ GMS on non-enrolled pts)
3. Immunisation
4. Maternity
5. ACC
6. PHO funded services
7. Third party payments – e.g. immigration, insurance and employment medicals





Register maintenance

Run regular checks for:

- Missing gender, DOB, NHI numbers
- Duplicate patients and/or NHI numbers
- Updating expired CSCs and HUHC eligibility
- Companies incorrectly marked as patients
- Non NZ resident GMS status correctly marked *Not applic(N)* and enrolment status *declined*
- Patients registered to **inactive providers** reassigned if appropriate
- Transferred patients are appropriately recorded as transferred

NB: Actions from PHO Import Report





... plus a whole team effort

Everyone needs to:

- Understand PHO enrolment criteria
 - casual, registered and enrolled patients
 - eligibility to NZ-funded health services
- Be able to explain benefits of enrolment to patients
 - access to lower cost services, additional services and initiatives provided by the PHO
- Understand the requirements around keeping the patient register and PMS accurate and up to date





Fee setting

Annual Statement of Reasonable GP Fee Increases

- benchmark for the ‘reasonableness’ of patient co-payment increases

Methodology used to set annual statement = 3 indices

1. Labour Cost Index
2. Producer’s Price Index
3. Capital Goods Price Index





Fees Review Committee

Preparing for Fees Review

- What revenue is generated by who?
- Are all services being charged for?
- Are services being discounted?
- What are your patient base demographics and utilisation rates?
- What is your fee per GP consultation?
- What is your fee per nurse consultation?
- What are your consultation times?
- What is the average revenue by age band?





Invoicing

Establish an invoicing protocol:

1. Record all patients attending the practice on appointment book
2. Invoice generated for every service (including no charge)
3. Daily review of patients seen and not invoiced





Invoicing for consumables

Some examples:

- Vaccines: e.g. travel, Pneumovax, Varilix
- Materials: dressings, sutures, Thinprep, TropT blood tests
- Medical devices: pipelles, catheters, syringes





Charging options for consumables

- **Cost-plus pricing** – determine the cost of the product and add the percentage profit that you wish to make to determine the sale price
- **Mark-up pricing** – the mark-up is usually a percentage of cost price and this is added to the cost price to determine the sale price. This method can lead to over/under charging unless there is an industry norm (e.g. 50% mark up)





Subsidy claiming / recording payments

Set up protocols so a shared knowledge base is available for:

- Regular claiming of all subsidies
- Monitoring to ensure that all claim subsidies are paid
- Follow up of all unpaid claims





Patient co-payment incentives

Our list to consider:

1. Efficient front desk
2. Alternate payment methods
3. Automatic payments
4. Applying account fee
5. Directing patients to WINZ and other agencies





Discounting can be dangerous

50% mark-up can only bear a 33% discount to get to the same level

e.g. \$30 cost price plus 50% mark up is \$45 sale price

- Discounting 33% reduces the sale price by \$15 to get \$30
- Discounting 50% reduces to \$22.50 – well below cost price





Revenue Matrix

Give staff tools to invoice well, e.g:

Project	Entry criteria	Invoicing code	Patient co-payment
Sexual health	<20yrs + CSC holder	SH1	\$0
Sexual health	20-25yrs + CSC holder	SH2	\$10





Getting best use from your PMS

- Powerful reporting tool
- Utilise training and support from
 - PMS vendor – especially to maximise use of their report writing system to develop your own reports
 - Peer support from other managers in your area – share the depth of knowledge and practical application that long term users have



Using financial reports

These are the types of reports your PMS has, to provide the standard information needed to operate the business side of your practice:

1. Invoice receipt record
2. Service analysis
3. Subsidy report
4. Financial summary





Using financial reports continued . . .

5. Income report
6. Daybook – missed invoicing, unapproved discounting, theft
7. Banking record
8. Debtors records





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Workshop

How will we develop a financially successful practice?

What are you going to do when you go back to your practice?



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Financial success strategies

1. Review fee charging/discounting policy
2. Review material costs/all costs
3. Review debtors management policy
4. Patient service survey
5. Engage staff in practice vision
6. Review opening hours
7. Find a point of difference/increased perceived value
8. Physical environment – access, child friendly
9. Enhance profile of practice in community





Financial success strategies continued

9. Utilise all room space – tenants etc
10. Business systems – efficient, productive?
11. Invest in staff training etc
12. Minimise waste/recycle
13. Review nurse profitability/charging
14. Do patient survey – e.g. are they prepared to pay more for longer consultations?
15. New services to increase income? Minor surgery, nurse clinics?
16. Consider amalgamation – economies of scale, additional health services?



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Expenses



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SAMPLE ONLY: Expense Analysis	Medium City Practice - 3 GP Owners		Medium Rural Town Practice - 4 GP Owners	
	\$'s	% of Revenue	\$'s	% of Revenue
Gross Revenue	\$ 2,440,000.00	100%	\$ 1,600,000.00	100%
Associate / Locums & Direct Costs	\$ 440,000.00	18%	\$ 211,000.00	13%
Gross Profit	\$ 2,000,000.00	82%	\$ 1,389,000.00	87%
Gross Profit per GP	\$ 666,666.67		\$ 347,250.00	
Administration & General	\$ 64,000.00	3%	\$ 54,000.00	3%
Comms & Advertising	\$ 41,000.00	2%	\$ 36,000.00	2%
Cleaning & Laundry	\$ 31,000.00	1%	\$ 12,000.00	1%
Computers, Bank, EFTPOS	\$ 190,000.00	8%	\$ 16,000.00	1%
Depreciation	\$ 25,000.00	1%	\$ 13,000.00	1%
Med Supplies, Lab, Xray	\$ 87,000.00	4%	\$ 89,000.00	6%
Motor Vehicle	\$ -	0%	\$ 18,000.00	1%
Premises / Rent	\$ 116,000.00	5%	\$ 53,000.00	3%
Wages	\$ 657,000.00	27%	\$ 370,000.00	23%
EBITPA	\$ 789,000.00	32%	\$ 728,000.00	46%
EBITPA per GP Owner	\$ 263,000.00		\$ 182,000.00	



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Managing consumables

1. Price vs quality
2. Stock volumes and control
3. Damaged goods immediately sent back for crediting?
4. Invoicing for all services and consumables





Expense categories

1. Administration and other
2. Occupancy
3. Medical supplies
4. Utilities
5. Wages
6. After hours
7. Depreciation
8. IT
9. Plant and equipment





Remuneration

- GP and nurse costs – effective recruitment, retention and staff management
- GP expenses – compare to market rates
- Staff ratios – compare with national analysis



Remuneration – market information

MAS provides: GP Locum/Associate Remuneration and Staff Ratio Analysis reporting: business@medicals.co.nz

ASMS/DHB MECA (GP specialists): www.asms.org.nz

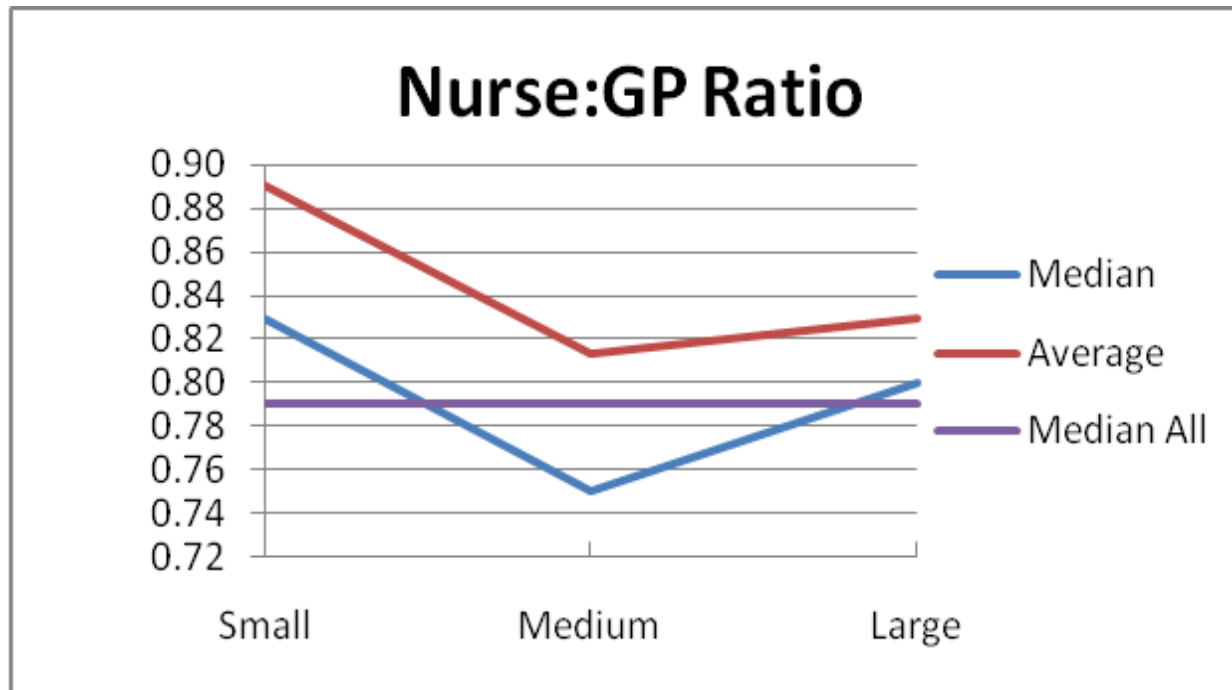
PMAANZ: Practice manager/admin: www.pmaanzt.org.nz





HealthyPractice[®] Subscriber Analysis Report

July 2010



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GP remuneration from MAS GP Locum & Associate Survey – Dec 09

Sent to 500 HealthyPractice[®] subscribers

- 148 practices responded (28 South Island)
- 81% contract for services (87% Dec 2008)
- 19% employees (13% Dec 2008)
- Contractor rates 5.5% to 7.8% higher than employee rates





GP median by employment status

Payment method	Employee	Contractor
Commission %	57.5%	55%
Hourly Rate*	\$81-\$85	\$86-\$90
Sessional Rate*	\$301-\$325	\$326-\$350





Employee or contractor?

Employee	Contractor
Access to ER Act rights	Must sue for breach of contract
Paid statutory holidays – 11 days	No leave entitlements
Annual leave – 4 weeks minimum	
Sick leave – 5 days cumulative to 20	
Bereavement leave – 3 days	
Security of employment. Fixed term protection.	Less security. No termination protection
PAYE. No deductions	Provisional tax. Business deductions



Analysis of nursing expenses

Associated costs:

- Wages
- Medical equipment and supplies
- Office equipment – e.g. computers
- Cost of space occupied

Divide by number of consultations undertaken,
compare to revenue generated:

- are the expenses justified vs income generated





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Business planning budgeting and reporting



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The business plan

- Should be aligned with the practice strategic direction and values
- Generally for a 1–3 year period
- Include an overview of practice structure, services provided, current market and SWOT analysis
- Outline current and future major issues, include proposed changes over the period with SMART objectives
- Include a financial plan and budgets





The business plan

How you develop the business plan and budget will depend on the practice structure and the owner requirements.

- Is the group practice a single business or separate practices sharing costs?
- What areas of the practice can the practice manager manage? All revenue and costs? All services?





Financial plan and budget

Financial part of the business plan would generally include:

- Capital requirements and funding
- Financial assumptions
- Cash flow projections
- Budget





Budget components – revenue

Get to know your PMS and review your services reports:

1. What revenue is generated by who?
2. Is everything being charged for that should be?
3. Are services being discounted?
4. Patient register, are you receiving all capitated funding due?
5. What are your patient base demographics and utilisation rates?
6. What are your revenue opportunities?





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Now that we have identified the revenue streams into the practice . . .

**do you expect these
to increase
OR reduce?**



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Budget components – expenses

Likewise with the expenses . . .

**do you expect these
to increase
OR reduce?**





Building the budget

Where do you start?

- Start simple... a 3 column spreadsheet will do

Revenue	Last year	Next year
Fees		
Capitation		
ACC		
GMS		





The budget

- Detail the last 12 months' income and expense lines (input to HealthyPractice® if you have it)
- What changes will happen over the next 12 months?
- What is the financial impact e.g. additional nurse = increased revenue, higher wages, new workstation?





Workshop 2

The business plan

*What do you think are
the important things
to monitor and report on?*



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Monitoring and reporting . . .

1. New enrolments per week
2. Consultations per week
3. Exception reports (budget vs actual)
4. Monthly debtors analysis
5. Number of complaints per month
6. Patient satisfaction
7. Staff satisfaction
8. Average fee per consultation
9. Length of consultations
10. Fee income per week
11. Staff cost as a % of revenue
12. Dr/nurse/support staff ratio
13. Number of patients leaving the practice per week
14. DNAs





Resources available

Business plan template – Word format
(can be emailed)

Budget and cashflow notes and Excel spreadsheet
(can be emailed)

HealthyPractice® www.healthypractice.co.nz



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Questions?

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