



Kieran Hayes

KPMG

Saturday, August 13, 2016

(Room 7)

16:30 - 17:30 WS #137: Optimising the tax structuring of your business



cutting through complexity

OPTIMISING YOUR TAX STRUCTURE

Kieran Hayes – Tax Senior Manager

Saturday 13 August 2016

kpmg.com/nz



AGENDA



STRUCTURING YOUR
INVESTMENT



PENNY & HOOPER
UPDATE



TAX TIPS

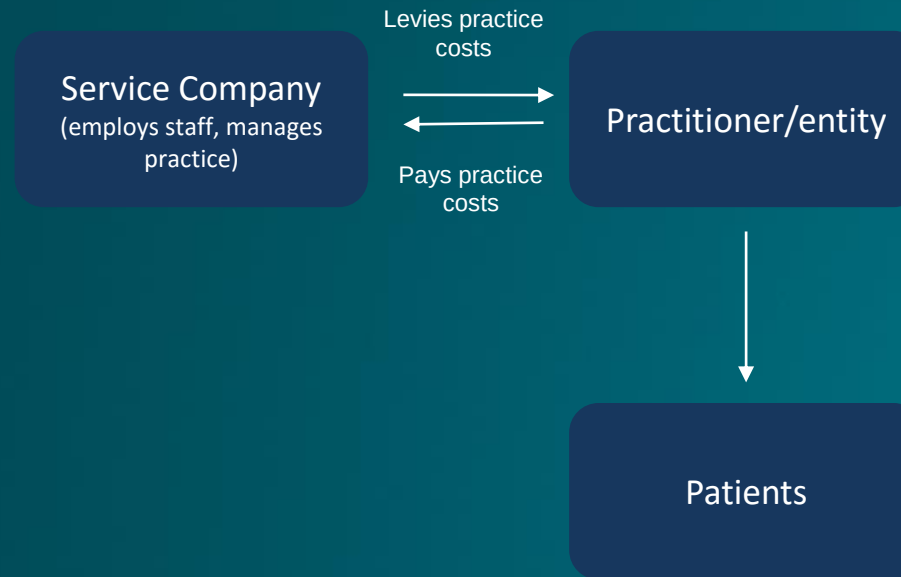


RESTRAINT OF
TRADE



PRACTICE OWNERSHIP STRUCTURES

Traditional GP Model



Modern GP Model



POLLING QUESTION

How is your investment in your GP practice currently structured?

- A trust
- B company
- C your own name

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trust 0.0%

company





STRUCTURING YOUR INVESTMENT

	Trust	Company	Sole Trader (own name)
Liability / Risk	●	●	●
Wealth accumulation	●	●	●
Tax efficient	●	●	●
Compliance burden	●	●	●
Operating entity	●	●	●

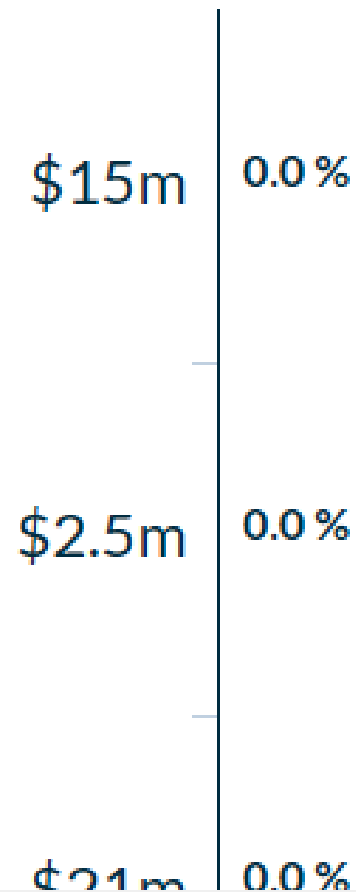
POLLING QUESTION

What amount of revenue did Inland Revenue collect from voluntary disclosures made subsequent to the Penny and Hooper case?

- A \$15m
- B \$2.5m
- C \$21m
- D \$7m

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PENNY AND HOOPER UPDATE



- Refresher – what happened?
- Applicable to structures using a company as an operating entity
- Should not apply where use company to hold investment in GP practice
- Where are we now? Attribution rules still apply

TAX TIPS



Provisional tax

Overseas
income

Foreign trusts

Refinancing
debt to
shareholders

Staying away
from overdrawn
current
accounts

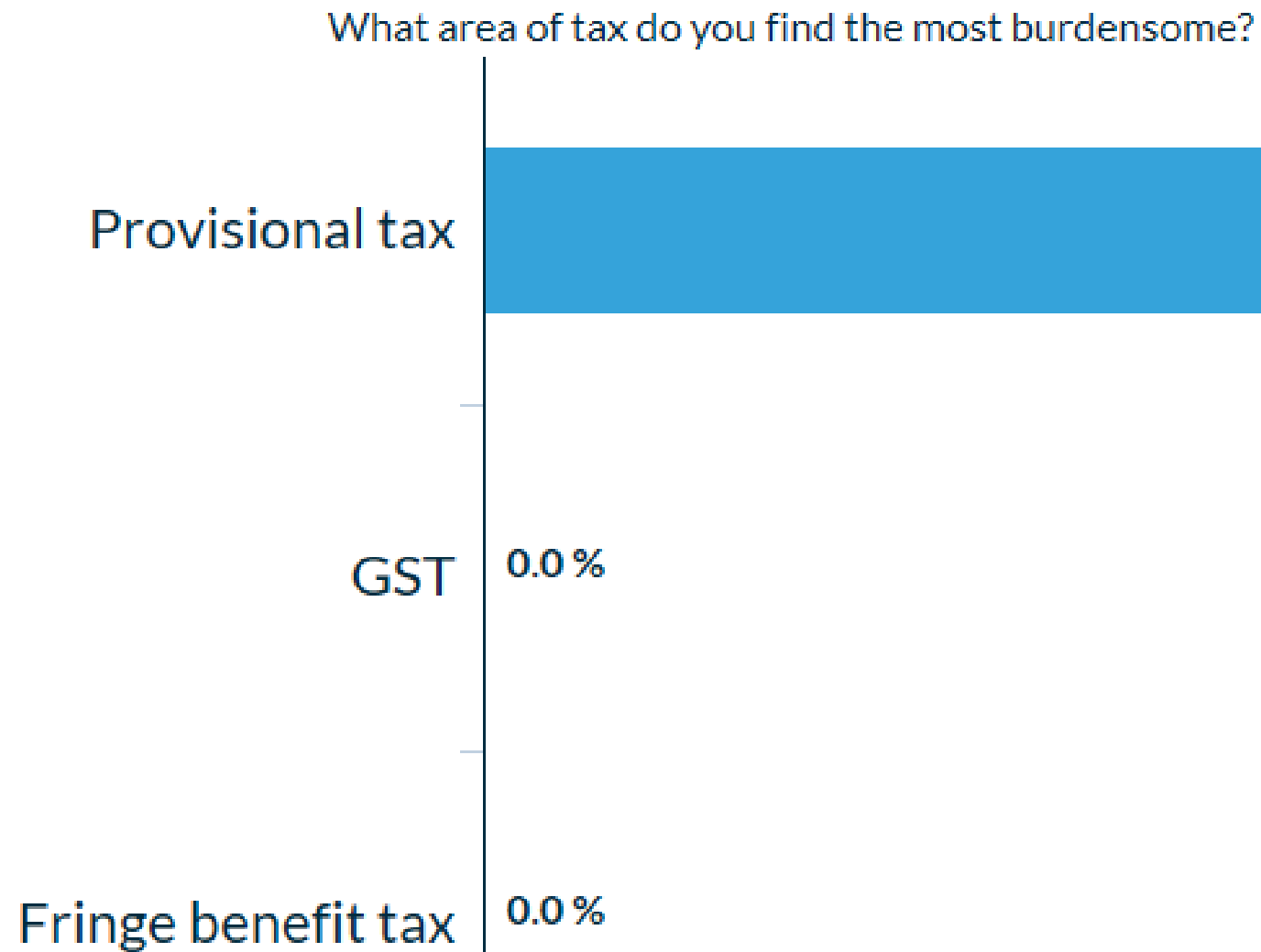
Travel
expenditure

POLLING QUESTION

What area of tax do you find the most burdensome?

- A Provisional tax
- B GST
- C Fringe benefit tax
- D Other

What area of tax do you find the most burdensome?





PROVISIONAL TAX

Almost 25% of Government revenue comes from provisional tax.

Harsh penalties and interest for getting timing wrong.

UOMI rates: Underpayment = 8.27%

Overpayment = 1.62%

WHAT AMOUNT SHOULD I PAY?

“Standard
uplift”
method?

Estimate?



APPLICATION
DATE 1 APRIL
2017

PROVISIONAL TAX – PROPOSED CHANGES

Current rules

- 3 provisional tax instalments payable - UOMI applies from the first instalment for over/under payments
- Can use uplift or estimate method to calculate instalment amount
- Tax pooling available to mitigate UOMI

Proposed rules

- UOMI to apply from third instalment only if use standard uplift method
- If use estimate method, current UOMI rules apply
- Same principles apply for reassessments
- Tax pooling still available
- Company may pay provisional tax on behalf of shareholder employees

OVERSEAS INCOME



- Foreign share portfolios – calculating FIF income
- IRD questioning overseas credit cards – particular focus on migrants
- Foreign superannuation schemes – rules now tax on withdrawal, likely IRD scrutiny of historic withdrawals

FOREIGN TRUSTS



- Storm in a tea cup?
- If you are NZ resident and have a “foreign trust” see your tax advisor
- Be careful - settlors and beneficiaries moving can change tax treatment for trusts

REFINANCING DEBT TO SHAREHOLDERS



- Keep your share capital small and loan funds to your company
- Need money for personal purposes? How much does the company owe you?
- Company can borrow money to repay shareholder debt – interest is tax deductible
- How are your other investments financed?

OVERDRAWN CURRENT ACCOUNTS



- If you draw out more money than the balance owing to you, FBT becomes payable
 - Not a problem if credit all income as shareholder salary
 - If maintain income in company, may need to pay a dividend
- If paying a dividend, check imputation account balance and complete documentation correctly – may be 5% WHT to pay to IRD

TRAVEL EXPENDITURE



- I've travelled to Rotorua for a conference - "what can I claim?"
- What is the prime purpose of the trip? Business or holiday?
- Taking a spouse or partner with you - generally not tax deductible



RESTRAINT OF TRADE CLAUSES

- Restraint of trade clause in agreement for sale & purchase
- Vendor works in business for “hand over” period and is compensated for this

Expected tax treatment

- Income from sale of business / shares in company is non-taxable (capital in nature)
- Any income relating to restraint of trade is non-taxable (capital in nature)
- Compensation paid for vendor working in business is taxable (salary & wages)

Potential tax treatment

- Sale proceeds identified as relating to restraint of trade are treated as taxable.
- Rule intended to prevent structuring of payments to obtain tax advantage (i.e. lower salary amount and allocate to restraint of trade).
- Rule is drafted widely so you could be inadvertently caught



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QUESTIONS?

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KPMG



Small business

KPMG will partner with you to achieve your goals



Dedicated
KPMG
Accountant



Technology &
tools



Tax &
Accounting



Insight &
Advice



Industry
Specialisation

